

Coastal Protection and Restoration Authority of Louisiana

Office of Coastal Protection and Restoration

2007/2008 Annual Inspection Report

for

HWY. 384 HYDROLOGIC RESTORATION PROJECT (CS-21)

State Project Number CS-21 Priority Project List 2

February 12, 2008 Cameron Parish

Prepared by:

Darrell J. Pontiff, P.E., Engineer IV
Dewey Billodeau, P.E., Engineer IV
CPRA/ Office of Coastal Protection and Restoration
Lafayette Field Office
635 Cajundome Blvd.
Lafayette, LA 70596

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I. Introduction

The Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration project (State Project No. CS-21) is located in the Calcasieu-Sabine Basin on the northeast side of Calcasieu Lake in Cameron Parish. The 1,125 acre project area extends from the northeast shore of Calcasieu Lake in a southeasterly direction to the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway and generally parallels LA Hwy. 384 in the vicinity of the Grand Lake community. The area is bounded on the north and south by higher elevation prairie formations. (See Appendix A).

The Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration Project was authorized by Section 303(a) of Title III Public Law 101-646, the Coastal Wetlands Planning Protection and Restoration Act (CWPPRA) enacted on November 29, 1990 as amended and approved on the second Priority Project List. The Hwy. 384 Project has a twenty –year (20 year) economic life, which began in January 2000.

II. Inspection Purpose and Procedures

The purpose of the annual inspection of the Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration Project (CS-21) is to evaluate the constructed project features to identify any deficiencies and prepare a report detailing the condition of project features and recommended corrective actions needed. Should it be determined that corrective actions are needed, LDNR shall provide, in the report, a detailed cost estimate for engineering, design, supervision, inspection, and construction contingencies, and an assessment of the urgency of such repairs (O&M Plan, 2003). The annual inspection report also contains a summary of maintenance projects, if any, which were completed since completion of constructed project features and an estimated projected budget for the upcoming three (3) years for operation, maintenance and rehabilitation. The three (3) year projected operation and maintenance budget is shown in Appendix C.

An inspection of the Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration Project (CS-21) was held on February 12, 2008 under partly cloudy skies. The temperature was approximately 60 degrees. In attendance were Mel Guidry and Dewey Billodeau of LDNR and Dale Garber representative of NRCS. Parties left the Lafayette Field Office of CED, and proceeded to the CS-21 project area in the community of Grand Lake, LA. The annual inspection began at approximately 10:30 a.m. at Structure #12.

The field inspection included a complete visual inspection of all features. Staff gauge readings where available were used to determine approximate elevations of water, rock weirs, earthen embankments, and other project features. Photographs were taken at each project feature (see Appendix B) and Field Inspection notes were completed in the field to record measurements and deficiencies (see Appendix D).

III. Project Description and History

Historically, the western portion of the project area was intermediate marsh with slightly brackish marsh immediately adjacent to Calcasieu Lake (U. S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service [USDA/NRCS] 1995, 1996a, 1996b). The eastern portion of the project area was fresh marsh up to the GIWW. In the late 1980's, Chabreck and Linscombe (1988) characterized the La. Highway 384 wetlands as brackish and intermediate.

Increased tidal volumes, enlargement of tidal exchange routes, and salt water intrusion resulting from human-induced changes to the area's hydrology are the primary causes of wetland loss in the project area (Louisiana Coastal Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Task Force [LCWCRTF] 1993). The Calcasieu Ship Channel was constructed in 1941 and redredged to its current depth of 40 ft (12.2 m) and bottom width of 400 ft (122 m) in 1968 (Good et al. 1995). This channel radically altered the area's hydrology by increasing the height and duration of tidal fluctuations, which in turn increased water levels and saltwater intrusion into the low salinity marshes surrounding Calcasieu Lake (Suhayda et al. 1988). Spoil banks along the GIWW, which was constructed in the 1940's, have effectively blocked the project area's historical connection to the Mermentau River Basin, and now block off the major source of freshwater for the project area, the GIWW east of Calcasieu Lock. Construction of a drainage canal through the project area prior to 1940, and construction of an oil field road before 1963 both provided hydrologic exchange points connecting the fragile interior marsh soils of the project area to Calcasieu Lake (USDA/NRCS 1995, 1996a, 1996b).

Hydrologic exchange between the project area and Calcasieu Lake allowed salt water to eradicate much of the non-salt tolerant emergent vegetation, exposing the fragile organic surface layer of the marsh soil to erosion and tidal scour. As a result, the organic surface layer has been largely transported out of the project area and into Calcasieu Lake. The loss in elevation of the soil surface provided by the organic surface layer of the soil has led to prolonged inundation of the emergent vegetation, which causes die-back of many wetland plant species (Mendelssohn and McKee 1988), and finally, the conversion of emergent marsh to open water (Gosselink et al. 1979).

Construction of the Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration Project was completed in January 2000. Maintenance was performed on the road between La. Hwy. 384 and Calcasieu Lake in November 2000. Another maintenance project was done in May 2002. Site 8 was covered with dirt to seal off leakage from Calcasieu Lake into the project area. Also, rock was placed around Structure #1 to prevent further erosion around the structure and a hyacinth barrier was constructed between the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway and the structure. The project has a 20-year economic life which began in January 2000.

In 2005 Hurricane Rita totally inundated the project area and the structural components of the project features sustained no adverse effects.

The principal project features include:

- Structure #1/Freshwater Introduction Structure 3-24"Aluminum culverts with Interior 24" Flapgates and Exterior 24" Sluice Gates.
- Structure #12/Salinity Control Structure 2-48" Aluminum culverts, each w/ an Interior 10'Variable-Crested Weir Inlet with a 4" vertical slot and an Exterior 48" Flapgate.
- Site #8 Approximately 100 linear feet of earth fill and rock plug on the eastern shore of Calcasieu Lake.
- An existing access road, approximately 6,000 linear feet in length, which serves as a hydrologic boundary on the southeastern edge of the project boundary between La. Hwy. 384 and the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway.
- An existing access road, approximately 4,000 linear feet in length, which serves as a hydrologic boundary on the northwestern edge of the project boundary between La. Hwy 384 and Calcasieu Lake.

IV. Summary of Past Operation and Maintenance Projects

General Maintenance: Several maintenance projects have been completed since the original project's construction completion. Engineering and design as well as construction oversight on some of these maintenance projects were provided by Abbeville/Lafayette field office personnel so no exact costs related to these activities are available. The maintenance projects that were performed were as follows:

Nov. 2000- Glenn Lege Construction

-placed 40.32 cy. of #610 limestone on the road near Structure #12 due to some overtopping of the road during high tidal events -placed 12 cy. of man size rip-rap on the inlet side of Structure #12 due to some scouring of the bankline around the structure

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST- \$3,461.14

June 2002- Glenn Lege Construction

- -provided labor and materials to construct a "hyacinth fence" on the inlet side of Structure #1. The fence is constructed of galvanized woven wire and CCA treated timber piles and whalers.
- -provided labor and materials to reinforce the existing levee around Structure #1 with graded crushed stone.
- -provided labor and materials to repair an existing rock plug that had been leaking and also had been vandalized. The plug was repaired by hauling in earth fill from an off-site location and pushing it over the existing rock plug with a bulldozer. The earthen plug was then planted under separate contract by DNR plantings group.

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST- \$14,386.87

May 2005- Bertucci Construction

Provided labor, material and equipment to repair thirteen linear feet of the rock plug at site #8. The rock was removed by vandals. 39.9 tons of 1200# rip rap stone was used to repair the thirteen foot gap. A four foot thick layer of 150# stone was applied to the marsh side slope of the plug to prevent water flow through the plug. This required 343.4 tons of rock. Completion and final acceptance was on May 15, 2005.

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST- \$45,090.00

May 2006- F. Miller & Sons

Provided labor, material and equipment to repair the existing access roads to permit elevations (+3.0 on Roadway No.1 West side of Hwy 384, +2.5 on Roadway No. 2, East side of Hwy 384). Approximately 3,225 tons of recycled concrete were used to elevate the roadways. Two Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 units were provided through this contract and installed by Simon & DeLany for operation of Structures No. 1 and No. 12. Completion and final acceptance was on June 28, 2006.

Engineering, Design ,Surveying,
Construction Oversight & As-Builts \$ 26,705.00
Construction Cost \$150,000.00

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST \$176,705.00

June 2006 – F. Miller & Sons

Provide labor, material and equipment to refurbish and install flap gate on west culvert of Structure No. 12. This flap gate was vandalized during spring of 2006. Completion and final acceptance was on June 28, 2006.

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST \$1,600.00

March 2007 - Simon & Delany

Provide labor necessary to remove and dispose of trash and debris which has accumulated within the hyacinth fence and adjacent to the sluice gates at Structure No.1

TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST \$900.00

Structure Operations: In accordance with the operation schedule outlined in the Operation and Maintenance Plan and USACE Permit, structures were manipulated as required by Simon & DeLany, Resource Management personnel who are under contract with DNR. Copies of the quarterly reports that are provided as well as a copy of the operations contract between DNR and Simon & DeLany are attached in the "Structure Operations" section of the CS-21 Hwy. 384 Operation & Maintenance Plan. The original operating procedures for the #1 Structure was based on water level only, there was no provision for salinity control. Records for the structure showed salinities of 9+ ppt. The procedure was modified to close the #1 Structure sluice gates at 7 ppt. Operations for the #12 Structure was not changed. To view the real time conditions at #1 or #12 Structures log on to www.romcomm.net and use ldnr for both the username and pass word. 15r is for structure #12 and 29r for structure #1.

V. Inspection Results

Structure #1

The structure is in good condition. Water level on the outside was elevation +1.0 NAVD88 and the level inside could not be determined because the staff gage was not readable. The inside staff gage will need to be replaced. Rock placed on the bank during the maintenance event of June 2002 is stable and in no need of repair. The hyacinth fence is in good condition; however there is trash accumulating on the outside of the fence which needs to be removed. The road/levee leading up to the structure is in good condition since it was repaired in June 2006. The recently installed Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 – 29r is in good condition and operating properly. The solar panel should be cleaned and bird excluder devices installed. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 1-3).

Structure #12

The structure is in good shape. Water level on the outside was elevation +1.7 NAVD88 and the level inside could not be determined because the staff gage was not readable. Pile caps on the outlet side and the padlocks on the stop log locking devices have rusted and will eventually need to be replaced. Rock that was placed during the maintenance of Nov. 2000 is stable. The road/levee leading up to the structure is in good condition since it was repaired in June 2006. The recently installed Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 – 15r is in good condition and operating properly. The water level at this location was +1.5 NAVD88. The solar panel should be cleaned and bird excluder devices installed. A CUP Application was reviewed recently for construction of earthen terraces on the south side of Structure No. 12. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 4-7).

Site #8

The rock plug is in good condition. Water levels could not be determined because the outside staff gage is missing and the inside staff gage was leaning and not readable. Both staff gages will need to be replaced. The recently completed maintenance work in May 2005 to repair the plug from vandalism held up well under the high storm surge waters. The interior area of the rock plug is showing signs of new vegetative growth in locations that were previously open water. (Photos: Appendix B, Photos 8-10).

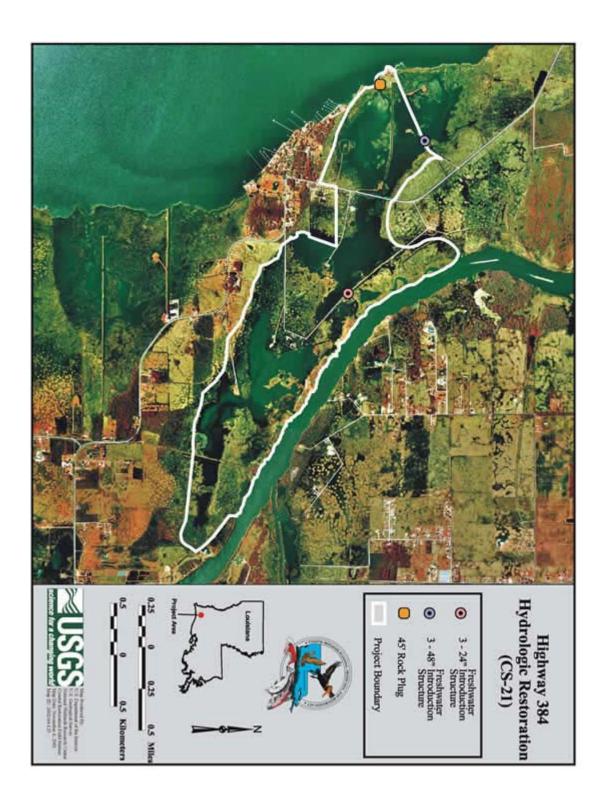
VI. Conclusions and Recommendations

Overall, the Hwy. 384 Hydrologic Restoration Project is in good condition and functioning as designed with only minor problems noted. The hyacinth fence that was installed during the maintenance project of June 2002 as well as the rock reinforcement of the bankline is performing well and should be incorporated into all structures of this type in the future. The access road repair with recycled concrete material turned out well and was economical. The two Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 units used for operation of this project are working very well and should be considered for future projects. A maintenance event is planned during 2008/2009 for the items listed below.

- Structure No. 1 install bird excluder device on solar panel, replace staff gage, remove trash from outside of the hyacinth fence.
- Structure No. 12 replace metal pile cap covers, install bird excluder device on solar panel.
- Structure No. 8 (Rock Plug) install staff gauges both lake and marsh sides.

Appendix A

Project Features Map



Appendix B

Photographs



Photo 1, View showing hyacinth fence and sluice gates at Structure No.1



Photo 2, View showing Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 (29r) with wooden boardwalk at Structure No. 1 and trash accumulated against the hyacinth fence.



Photo 3, Outlet side of Structure No. 1.



Photo 4, Inlet side of Structure No. 12.



Photo 5, Outlet pipes for Structure No. 12.



Photo 6, View showing Portable Multi-Parameter Water Quality Troll 9500 (15r) with wooden boardwalk near Structure No. 12.



Photo 7, Access roadway to Structure No. 12, recently repaired with recycled concrete.



Photo 8, Rock plug at structure No. 8.



Photo No. 9, View showing open area on the interior of Structure No.8 (Picture courtesy of Lane LeFort, June 2006).



Photo No.10, View showing vegetative growth on the interior of Structure No. 8, same location as Photo No. 9 above.

Appendix C

Three Year Budget Projection

HWY 384/ CS-21 / PPL 2 Three-Year Operations & Maintenance Budgets 07/01/2008 - 06/30/2011

Project Manager	O & M Manager	Federal Sponsor	Prepared By
Pat Landry	Dewey Billodeau	NRCS	Dewey Billodeau
	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011
Maintenance Inspection	\$ 5,570.00	\$ 5,737.00	\$ 5,909.00
Structure Operation	\$ 10,600.00	\$ 11,600.00	\$ 12,600.00
Administration	\$ 2,000.00	\$ 2,000.00	\$ -
Maintenance/Rehabilitation			
08/09 Description:			
F. D.	7,000,00		
E&D			
Construction Oversight			
Construction Oversight			
Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab.	\$ 33,000.00		
09/10 Description:			
۲۰۵		Φ.	
E&D		\$ -	
Construction		\$ 5,000.00	
Construction Oversight		\$ -	
	Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab.	\$ 5,000.00	
10/11 Description:			
E&D			\$ -
Construction			\$ -
Construction Oversight			\$ -
Construction Oversight		Out Total Maint And Dahah	\$ -
		Sub Total - Maint. And Rehab.	Ψ -
	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011
Total O&M Budgets	\$ 51,170.00	\$ 24,337.00	\$ 18,509.00
O &M Budget (3 yr Tot	al)		\$ 94,016.00
Unexpended O & M Bu			<u>\$ 83,953.17</u>
Remaining O & M Bud	get (Projected)		\$ (10,062.83)

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET WORKSHEET

HWY 384 HR / PROJECT NO. CS-21 / PPL NO. 2

DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EST. QTY.	UNIT PRICE	ESTIMATED TOTAL
O&M Inspection and Report	EACH	1	\$5,570.00	\$5,570.00
General Structure Maintenance	LUMP	1	\$0.00	\$0.00
Engineering and Design	LUMP	1	\$5,500.00	\$5,500.00
Operations Contract	LUMP	1	\$10,600.00	\$10,600.00
Construction Oversight	LUMP	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
	ADI	MINISTRAT	ION	
LDNR / CRD Admin.	LUMP	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
FEDERAL SPONSOR Admin.	LUMP	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
SURVEY Admin.	LUMP	0	\$2,000.00	\$0.00
OTHER				\$0.00
	\$2,000.00			

MAINTENANCE / CONSTRUCTION

SURVEY

	33.1.2.									
SURVEY DESCRIPTION:	Replace staff gage at Structure No. 1									
	Secondary Monument	EACH	0	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	Staff Gauge / Recorders	aff Gauge / Recorders EACH 1 \$1,500.00 \$1,500.00								
	arsh Elevation / Topography LUMP 0 \$0.00 \$0.0									
	TBM Installation	EACH	0	\$0.00	\$0.00					
	OTHER \$0.0									
	TOTAL SURVEY COSTS: \$1,500.									

GEOTECHNICAL

GEOTECH DESCRIPTION:							
	Borings	EACH	0	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	OTHER				\$0.00		
	TOTAL GEOTECHNICAL COSTS: \$0.00						

CONSTRUCTION

CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION:								
	Rip Rap	LIN FT	TON/FT	TONS	UNIT PRICE			
		0	0.0		\$60.00	\$0.00		
		0	0.0	0	\$0.00	\$0.00		
		0	0.0	0	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Filter Cloth / Geogrid Fabric		SQ YD	0	\$12.00	\$0.00		
	Navigation Aid		EACH	0	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Signage		EACH	0	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	General Excavation / Fill	CU YD	0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Dredging	CU YD	0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Sheet Piles (Lin Ft or Sq Yds)		0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Timber Piles (each or lump sum)		0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Timber Members (each or lump sum)		0	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Hardware	LUMP	1	\$0.00	\$0.00			
	Materials		LUMP	1	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Mob / Demob		LUMP	1	\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Contingency	LUMP	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00			
	General Structure Maintenance	LUMP	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00			
	OTHER			\$0.00	\$0.00			
	OTHER			\$0.00	\$0.00			
	OTHER				\$0.00	\$0.00		
				TOTAL CO	NSTRUCTION COSTS:	\$25,000.00		

TOTAL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET:

\$51,170.00

Appendix D

Field Inspection Form

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-21 Hwy. 384 Date of Inspection: February 12, 2008 Time: 11:30 am

Structure No.

Inspector(s): Dewey Billodeau, Mel Guidry - LDNR Dale Garber - NRCS Water Level: Inside Outside 1.0 Structure Description: 3-24" Culverts Type of Inspection: Annual Weather Conditions: Partly Cloudy

ltem	Condition	Physical Damage	Corrosion	Photo #	Observations and Remarks
Steel Bulkhead	N/A				
/ Caps					
Flapgates/Outlet Pipe	Good			3	
Stop Logs	N/A				
Hardware/Sluicegates	Good			1	
Hyacinth Fence	Fair			2	Trash accumulating on outside of hyacinth fence.
Timber Piles	N/A				
Timber Wales	N/A				
Galv. Pile Caps	N/A				
Cables	N/A				
Signage	N/A				
/Supports					
Staff Gages	Poor				Staff gage outlet side of structure not readable.
Rip Rap (fill)	Good				
WQ Troll 9500 - 29r	Good			2	
Earthen					
Embankment	l	1			
Access Roadway	Good				

What are the conditions of the existing levees? Are there any noticeable breaches? Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs?
Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection?
Are there any signs of vandalism?

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

Project No. / Name: CS-21 Hwy. 384 Date of Inspection: February 12, 2008 Time: 11:00 am

Structure No. 8 Inspector(s): Dewey Billodeau, Mel Guidry - LDNR Dale Garber - NRCS
Structure Description: Rock plug Water Level: Inside Outside

Structure Description: Rock plug

Water Level: Inside

Outside

Type of Inspection: Annual

Weather Conditions: Partly Cloudy

Item	Condition	Physical Damage	Corrosion	Photo #	Observations and Remarks
Steel Bulkhead	N/A				
/ Caps	N/A				
Steel Grating	IN/A				
Stop Logs	N/A				
Hardware	N/A				
Timber Piles	N/A				
Timber Wales	N/A				
Cala Dila Casa	N/A				
Galv. Pile Caps	IN/A				
Cables	N/A				
Signage	N/A				
/Supports Staff Gages	Poor			10	Outside staff gage missing, inlet staff gage not readable.
Rip Rap (fill)	Good			8 & 9	The plug appears to be in good shape.
(foreshore dike)	1				
Earthen					The earthen levee that was rebuilt as part of the May '02 maintenance is in excellent condition beyond the limits
Embankment					of the channel.

What are the conditions of the existing levees?
Are there any noticeable breaches?
Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs?
Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection?
Are there any signs of vandalism?

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT CHECK SHEET

 Project No. / Name:
 CS-21 Hwy. 384
 Date of Inspection: February 12, 2008
 Time: 10:30 am

Structure No. 12 Inspector(s): Dewey Billodeau, Mel Guidry - LDNR

Dale Garber - NRCS
Structure Description: 2-48" Culverts

Water Level: Inside Outside 1.7

Type of Inspection: Annual

Weather Conditions: Partly Cloudy

Condition Physical Damage Corrosion Photo # Observations and Remarks Item N/A Steel Bulkhead / Caps Steel Grating Good Stop Logs Good Hardware/Flapgates Good Timber Piles Good Timber Wales N/A Galv. Pile Caps Pile caps on outlet structure are corroded and will eventually need to be replaced. Good Cables N/A Signage /Supports N/A Staff Gages Staff gage on inlet side not readable. Rip Rap (fill) Good

What are the conditions of the existing levees? Are there any noticeable breaches? Settlement of rock plugs and rock weirs? Position of stoplogs at the time of the inspection? Are there any signs of vandalism?

Good

WQ Troll 9500 - 15r

Earthen Embankment Access Roadway

Appendix E

Locations to be Monitored